

Buffer-space Efficient and Deadlock-free Scheduling of Stream Applications on Multi-core Architectures

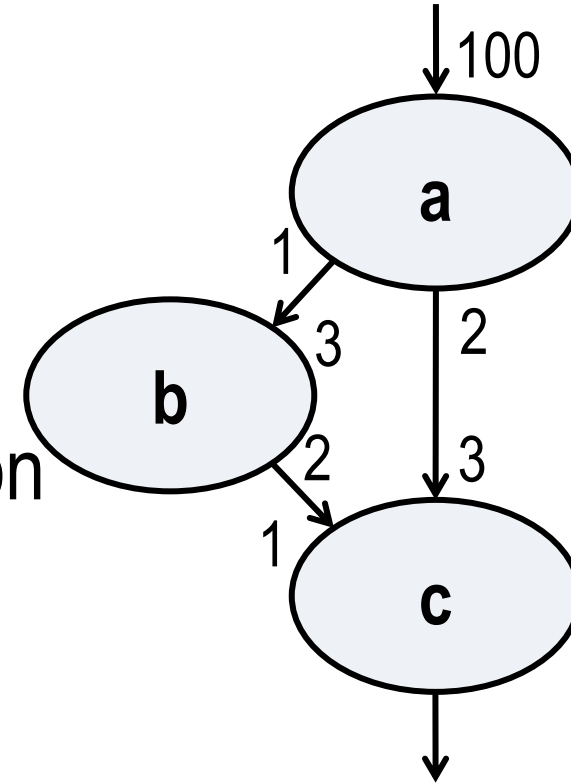
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Background – Stream Compilers

Model of Computation – Synchronous Data Flow (SDF) [1]

- Actors: computation
- Streams: communication
- Many embedded apps.
- Deterministic parallelization
- Efficient communication through DMAs

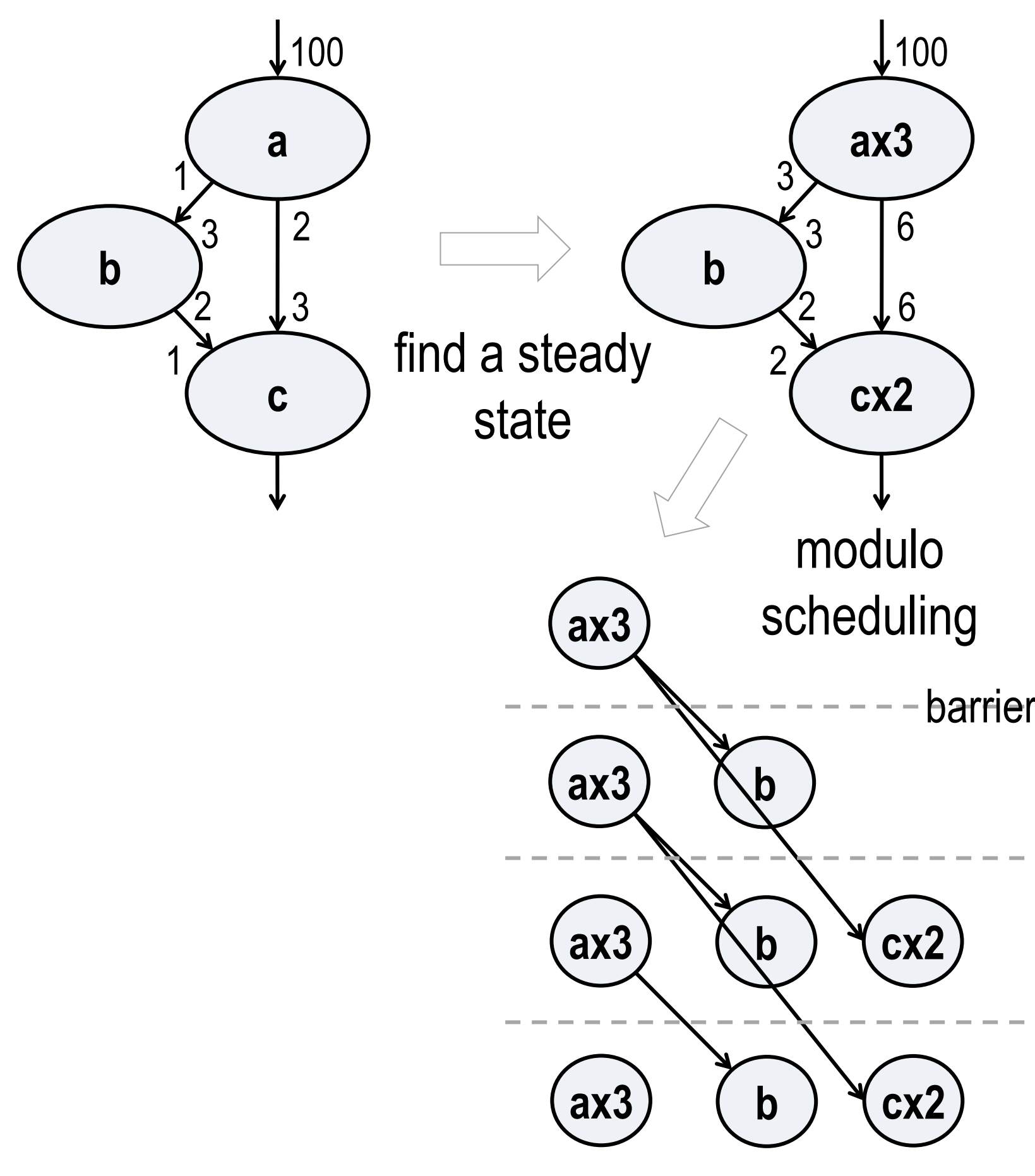


Two important phases

- Partitioning: e.g., map A and B to core 0, C to core 1
- Use METIS or integer linear programming
- Scheduling

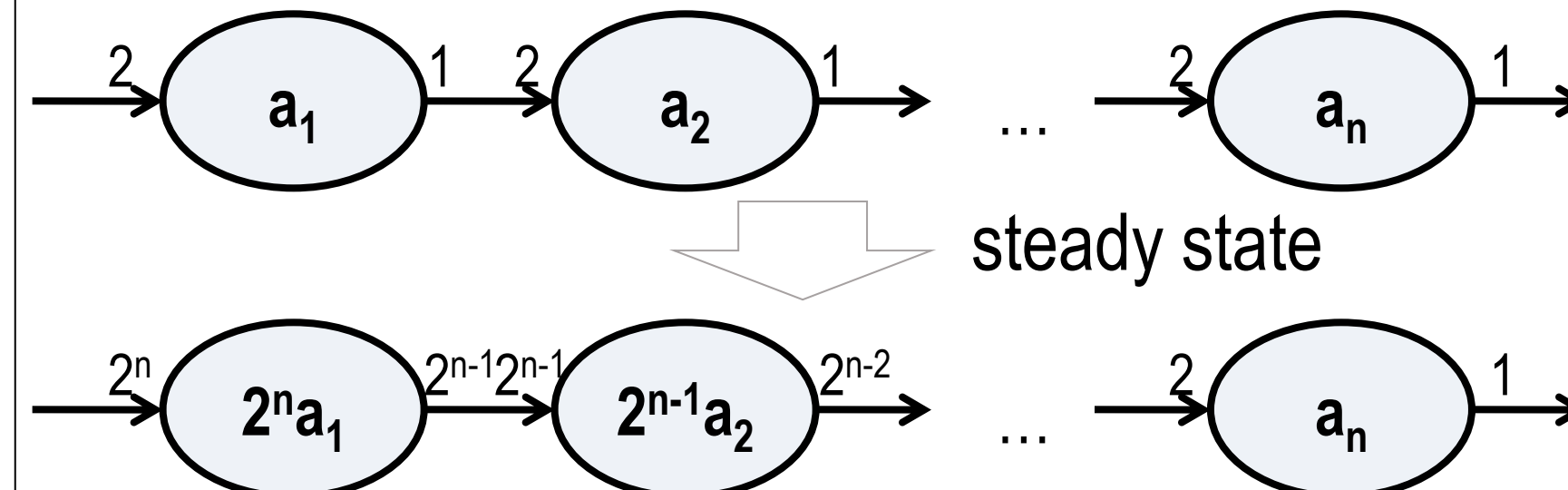
Scheduling – Previous Work

Stream graph modulo scheduling (SGMS) [2]



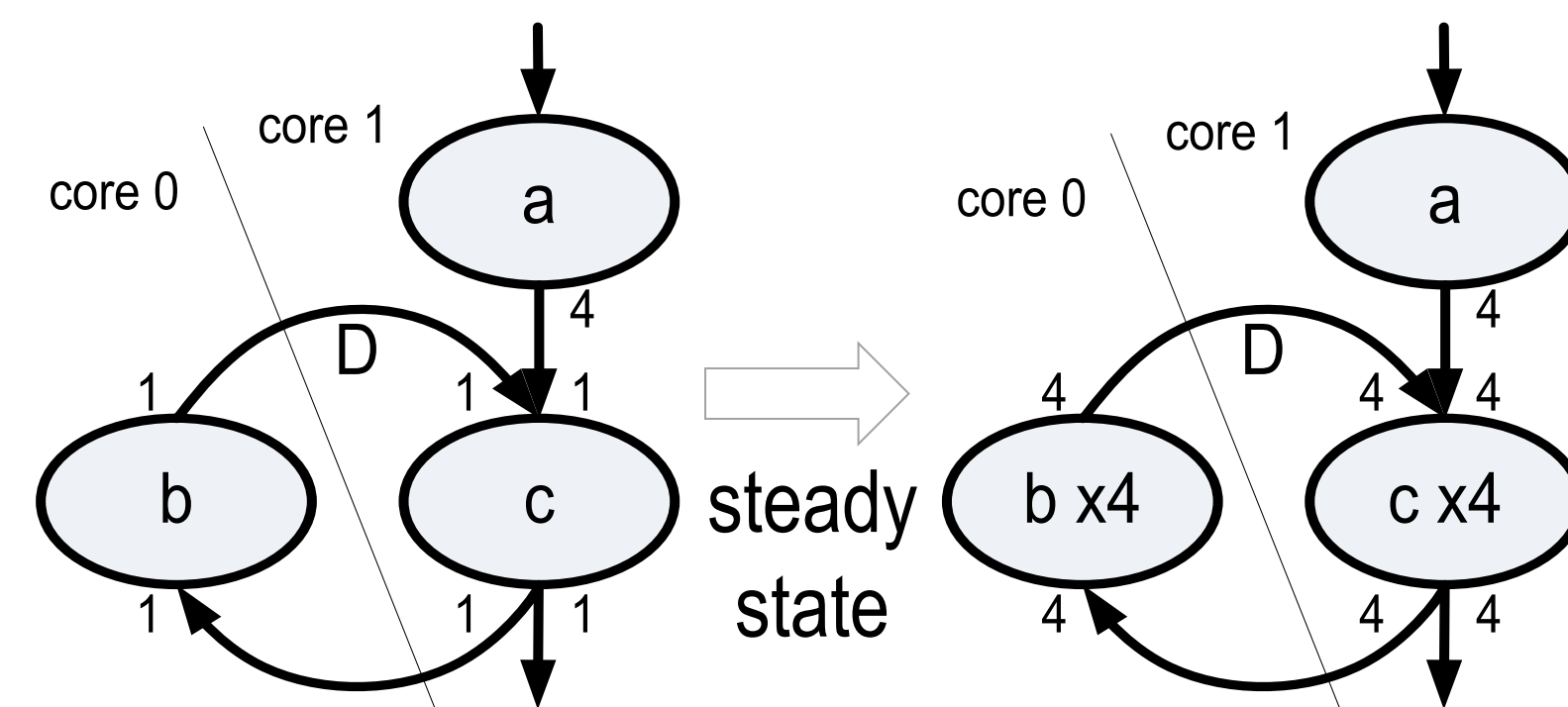
Previous Work – Drawbacks

Buffer-space Explosion: e.g., W-CDMA



Feedback Loops: e.g., GSM

- Contract feedback loops to single actors, and loose parallelism, or
- Suffer deadlocks.



Team Scheduling [3]

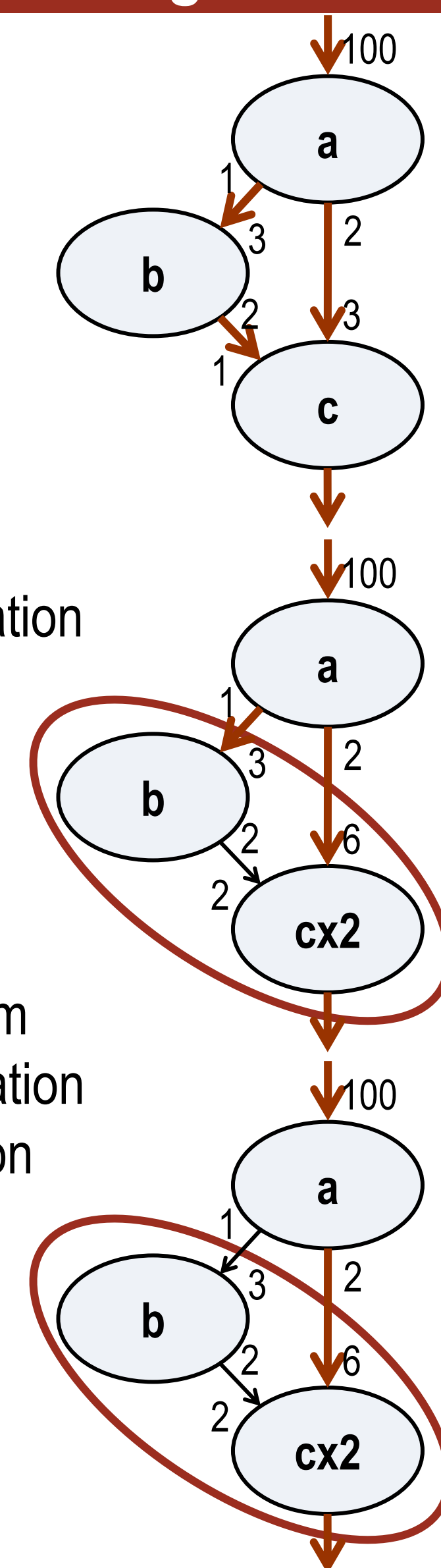
```
if (!bin0.isEmpty() && !bout0.isFull()) {
    doB();
}
if (!cin0.isEmpty() && !cout0.isFull()) {
    doC();
}
```

Team formation

```
if (!bin0.isEmpty() && !cin1.isEmpty() && !cout0.isFull()) {
    doB(); doC(); doC();
}
```

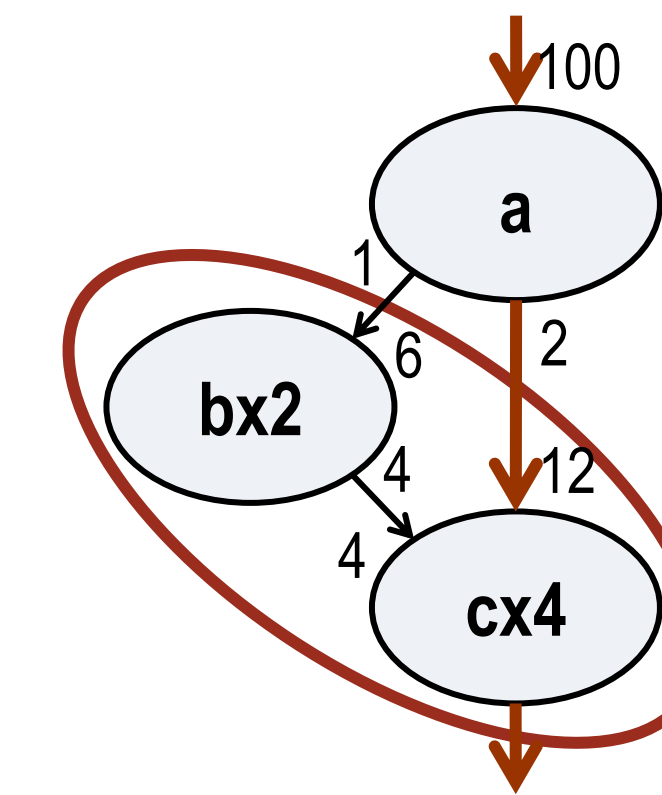
Inter-team synchronization elimination

```
if (!cin1.isEmpty() && !cout0.isFull()) {
    doB(); doC(); doC();
}
```



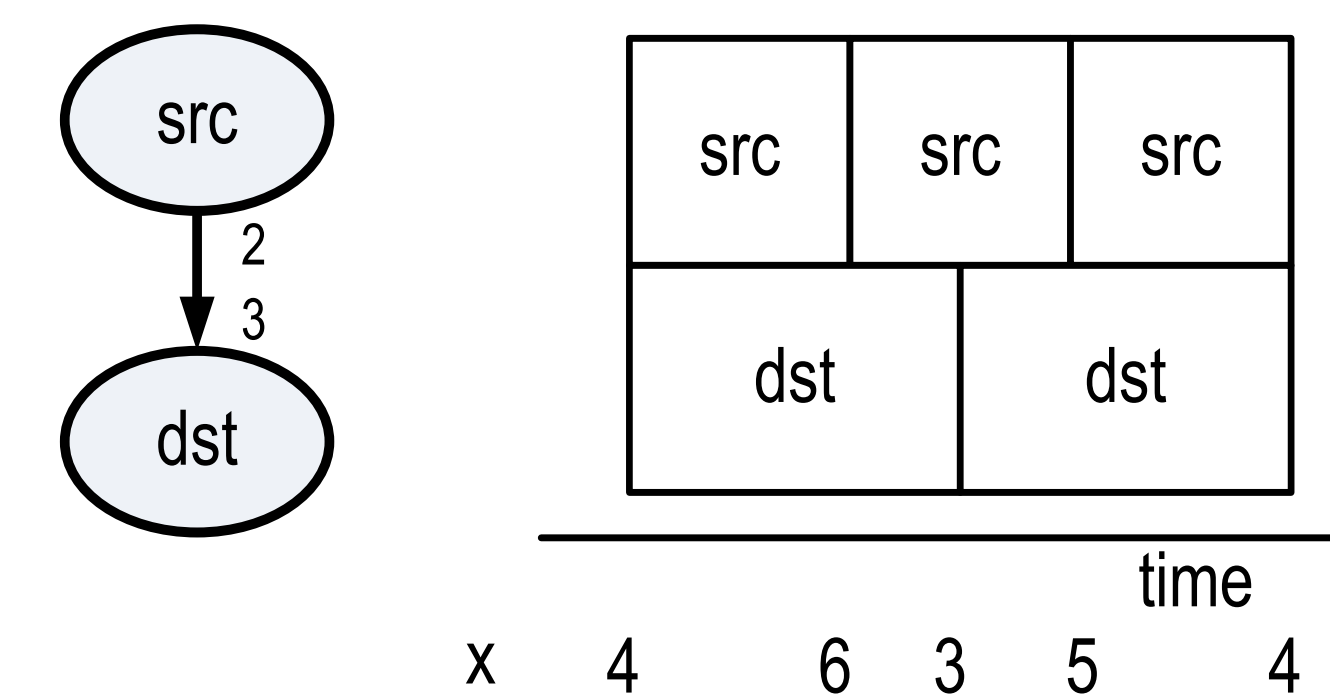
Amortization

```
if (!cin1.isEmpty() && !cout0.isFull()) {
    doB()x2; doC()x4;
}
```



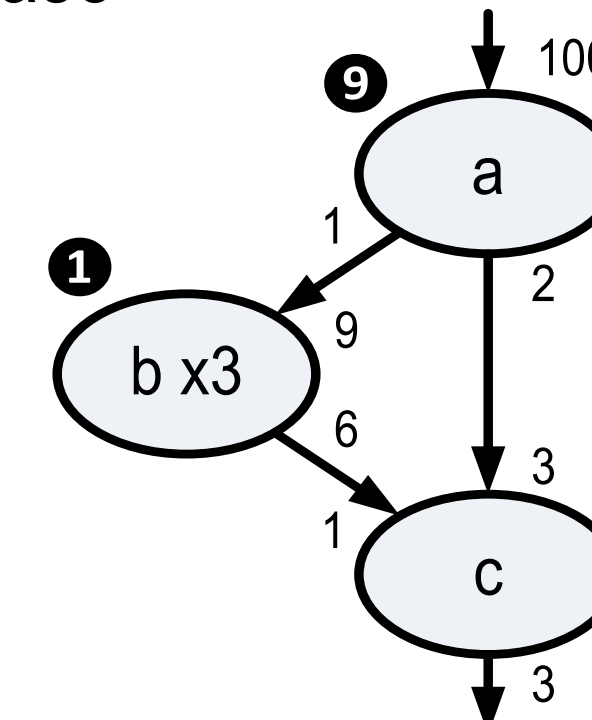
Buffer Sizing

Producer-consumer Pairs

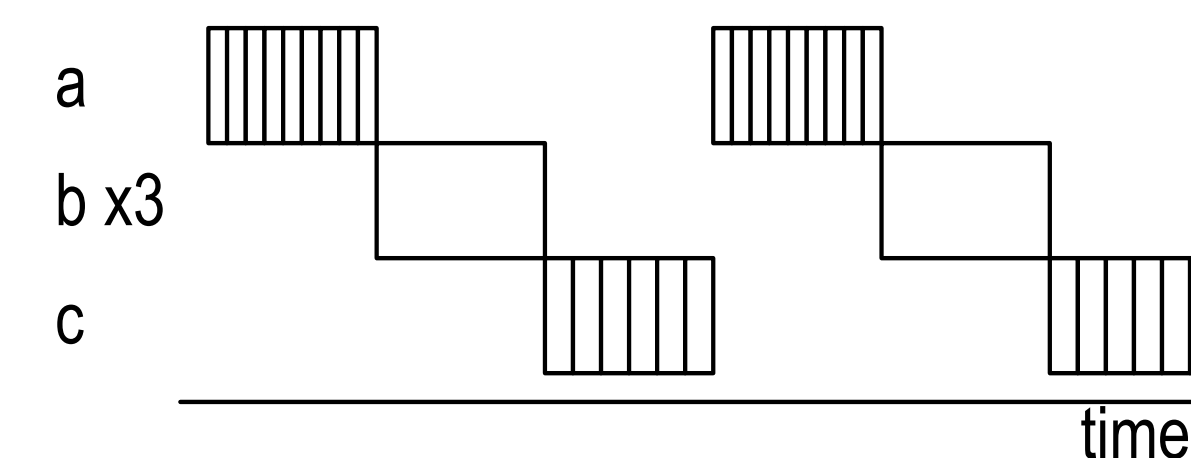


- $2(p + c - \gcd(p, c))$, where $p = \#$ of output tokens per producer firing and $c = \#$ of input tokens per consumer firing

General Case



- $\text{len}(a, c) = 128 \rightarrow$ deadlock
- $\text{len}(a, c) = 180 \rightarrow$ serialization



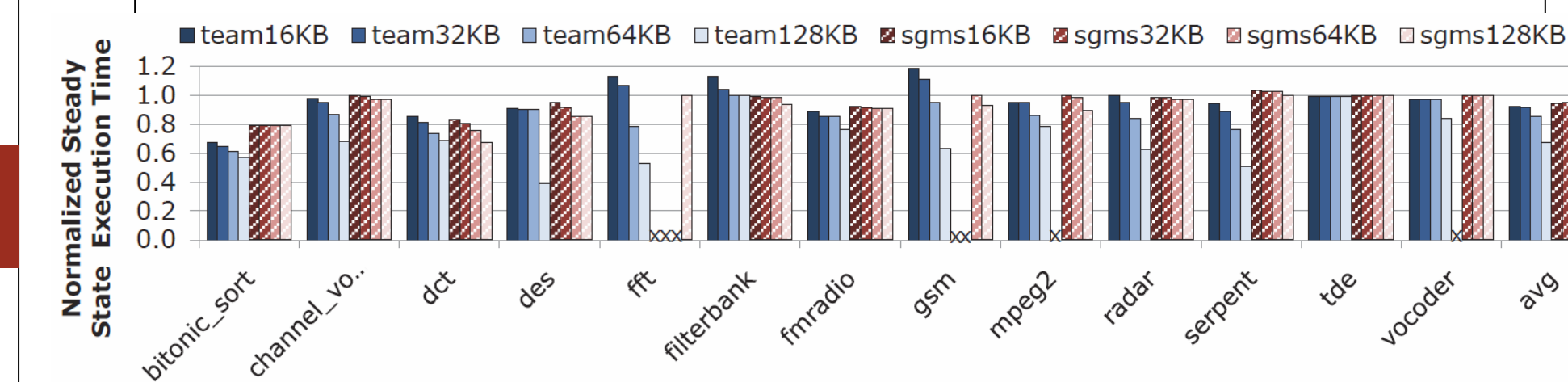
- $\text{min len}(a, c)$ to avoid serialization = 400 (see [3]).

Results

Evaluation Setup

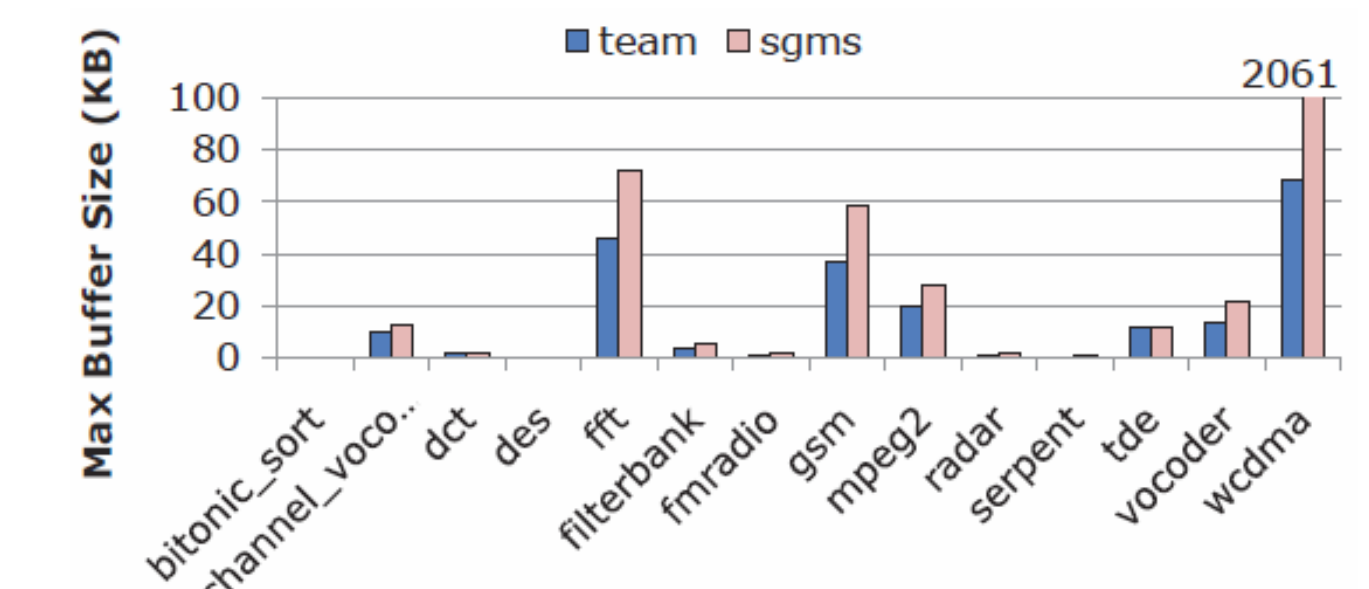
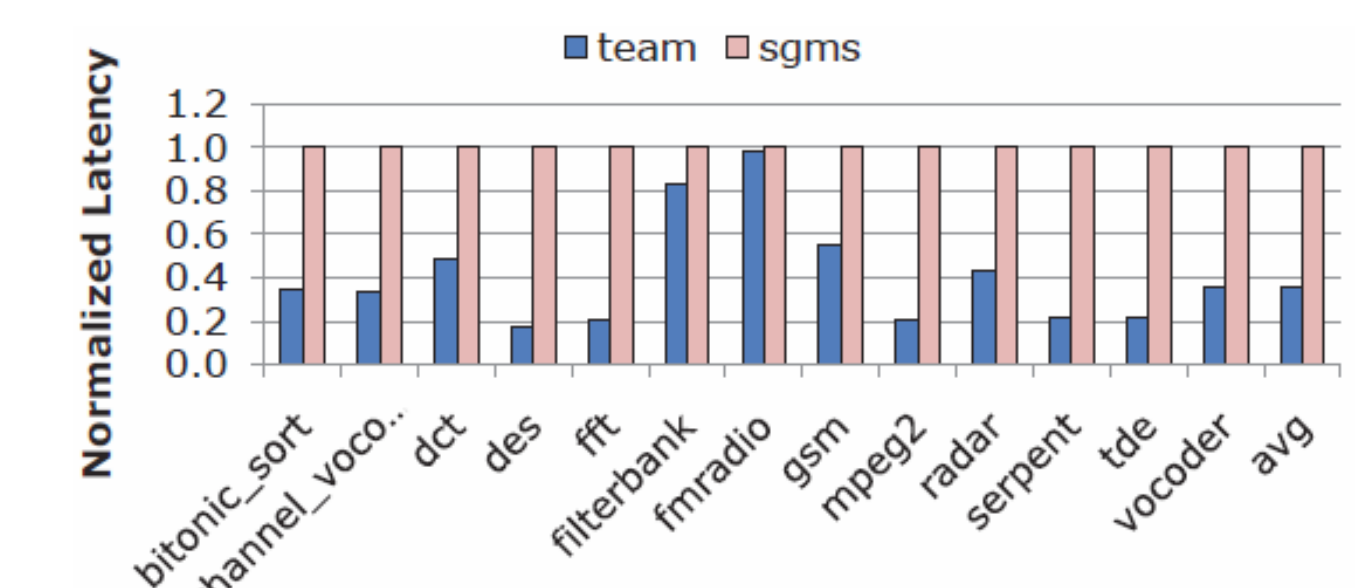
- StreamIt benchmarks, GSM, and W-CDMA
- 16-core ELM [4]
- ELK stream programming language [5]

Buffer-space Limited Experiment



- SGMS cannot satisfy the buffer limit for W-CDMA (16-128KB), fft (16-64KB), gsm (16-32KB), mpeg (16KB), and vocoder (16KB)
- Average speedup of team128KB is 11x
- 37% higher throughput

Amortization Factor Limited Experiment



References

[1] Edward A. Lee and D. G. Messerschmitt, Static Scheduling of Synchronous Data Flow Programs for Digital Signal Processing, IEEE Transactions on Computers, 1987
 [2] Manjunath Kudlur and Scott Mahlke, Orchestrating the Execution of Stream Programs on Multicore Platforms, PLDI, 2008
 [3] Jongsoo Park and William J. Dally, Buffer-space Efficient and Deadlock-free Scheduling of Stream Applications on Multi-core Architectures, SPAA, 2010
 [4] J. Balfour, W. Dally, D. Black-Schaffer, V. Parikh, and J. Park, An Energy-efficient Processor Architecture for Embedded Systems, Computer Architecture Letters, 2008
 [5] ELK webpage. CVA Group, Stanford University. <http://cva.stanford.edu/projects/elk>